Federal State Budgetary Educational Institution of Higher Education "Privolzhsky Research Medical University" Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation



# WORKING PROGRAMM Elective discipline

Name of the discipline (according to the working curriculum): **DIAGNOSTIC CRITERIA IN THERAPEUTIC DENTISTRY** 

Specialty: 31.05.03 DENTISTRY

Qualification: **DENTIST** 

Department: THERAPEUTIC DENTISTRY

Mode of study: FULL-TIME

Labor intensity of the academic discipline: 72 academic hours

Nizhny Novgorod 2021 The working program has been developed in accordance with the Federal State Educational Standard for specialty 31.05.03 Dentistry approved by Order of the Ministry of Science and Higher Education of the Russian Federation No. 988 of August 12, 2020.

### **Program Developers:**

1. Uspenskaya O.A., Doctor of Medical Sciences, Associate Professor, Head. Department of Therapeutic Dentistry:

2. Spiridonova S.A., Candidate of Medical Sciences, Associate Professor of the Department of Therapeutic Dentistry.

## **Reviewers:**

1. Belenova I.A., Doctor of Medical Sciences, Professor, Head of the Department "Training highly qualified personnel in dentistry", FSBEI HE "Voronezh State Medical Institute named after N.N. Burdenko" of the Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation, Deputy Head of the European Department of Preventive, Personalized, Preventive Dentistry at the European Association for Preventive, Personalized, Preventive Medicine (EPMA - DPPPD).

2. Sahakyan M.Y., Doctor of Medical Sciences, Associate Professor, Head. Department of Orthopedic Dentistry and Orthodontics, Federal State Budgetary Educational Institution of Higher Education "PIMU" of the Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation. :

The program was reviewed and approved at a meeting of the Department of Therapeutic Dentistry Minutes No. 9 dated April 13, 2021

Head of the Department of Therapeutic Dentistry, MD, Associate Professor

O.A. Uspenskaya

April 13, 2021

AGREED Deputy Head of EMA ph.d. of biology

Lovtsova L.V.

(signature)

April 13, 2021

## 1. Goals and objectives of mastering the discipline

**Therapeutic dentistry** is the leading among dental disciplines, since the main place in it is occupied by the problems of not only treatment, but also the prevention of dental caries, periodontal diseases and oral mucosa. There is a close relationship between restorative dentistry and other clinical disciplines, restorative dentistry is the most important preventive section among all other profiles of dentistry - surgical and orthopedic.

The therapeutic section of dentistry combines a number of diseases of the oral cavity (diseases of the teeth and periodontal tissues, pathology of the oral mucosa and tongue), which are subject to mainly conservative, and often complex etiopathogenetic treatment with the participation of dental surgeons, orthopedists, endocrinologists, gastroenterologists and other specialists.

Practical skills acquired at the Department of Therapeutic Dentistry are the basis for all subsequent creative activities of a dentist.

## 1.1. The purpose of teaching an elective discipline

The program of elective disciplines is aimed at an in-depth study of therapeutic dentistry the leading among dental disciplines, since the main place in it is occupied by the problems of not only treatment, but also the prevention of major dental diseases.

The purpose of teaching therapeutic dentistry in elective disciplines is to study in depth the causes, mechanisms of development, modern methods of diagnosis and treatment of diseases of the teeth, periodontium and oral mucosa.

Manual and theoretical knowledge acquired in the preclinical course allows you to fully master modern methods of diagnosing dental diseases, the principles of differential diagnosis and learn how to apply the knowledge gained in practice.

For better assimilation of the material, the educational process is as close as possible to the real work environment in the clinic, which enables students to better master the practical side of the matter. The topics studied are worked out in two stages: theoretically, then practically in the dental office, which helps to reflect the essence of the topic being studied from different positions. This tactic makes it possible to better meet the requirements of bringing teaching closer to practical medicine, to ensure the specific nature of the pedagogical process. Practical classes are held in direct work with patients, which is important in acquiring manual skills and of great educational value - ethics, aesthetics, deontology.

# **1.2.** The tasks of studying the discipline of choice

**The main task** is to develop students' knowledge about modern methods for diagnosing various diseases of hard dental tissues, periodontal diseases and oral mucosa, used in the practice of a dentist.

In the practice of therapeutic dentistry, the student must master the methods of diagnosing diseases of hard tissues of the teeth, including: visual examination, probing, percussion, comparative percussion, thermometry, electroodontometry, reading x-ray images, determining the resistance of hard tissues of the tooth. To study modern methods of early diagnosis of caries, for example: the transillumination method, to study the devices used for diagnostics in dentistry. In addition, to study the methods of diagnosing periodontal diseases. To develop the skills of determining hygiene indices and periodontal indices, the degree of tooth mobility, the severity of the course of the disease, and reading radiographs. When studying methods for diagnosing diseases of the mucous membrane, the student must know the methods of examining the oral mucosa, methods of laboratory diagnostics, and the principles of oncological alertness.

Students master modern methods of diagnosing diseases of hard tissues of the tooth. During practical classes, a demonstration or presentation of additional examination methods used in the practice of a dentist is carried out. Students acquire the skills of differential diagnosis, master additional examination methods. Having learned to analyze radiographs, the student gets the opportunity to confirm the diagnosis, evaluate the quality of endodontic treatment, filling canals and carious cavities. Mastering the skills of determining tooth mobility, hygiene index, periodontal pocket depth, the presence of supra- and subgingival tartar, P MA index, PI, Schiller-Pisarev, is achieved in practical classes and allows students to apply them in practice in the diagnosis of diseases during the learning process periodontal. The student must have the skills to read orthopantomograms, panoramic radiographs, sighting images. In the course of practical exercises, the methods of examining a dental patient, the criteria for differential diagnosis of dental diseases are worked out.

In the lecture course and in practical classes, much attention is paid to deontological principles, the formation of the worldview of a generalist doctor who is able to provide qualified dental care to children, pre-conscripts, pregnant women, and people suffering from chronic diseases.

The process of studying the discipline is aimed at developing the following universal competencies (MC) in the graduate:

Able to carry out a critical analysis of problem situations based on a systematic approach, to develop an action strategy (UK-1);

The process of studying the discipline is aimed at developing the following professional competencies (PC) in the graduate:

Willingness to participate in scientific research, analysis and public presentation of medical information based on evidence-based medicine and to participate in the introduction of new methods and techniques aimed at protecting public health and reducing dental morbidity (PC-12);

With the ability to determine the tactics of managing patients with various dental diseases in accordance with the Clinical recommendations and other regulatory documents of the Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation on an outpatient basis and in a day hospital, taking into account the age of the patient (PC-7);

Willingness to collect and analyze complaints and other information from the patient (relatives / legal representatives), his medical history, interpretation of examination results, laboratory, instrumental, pathoanatomical and other studies in order to recognize the condition or establish the presence or absence of a dental disease, symptoms, syndromes of dental diseases, the establishment of nosological forms in accordance with the International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Related Health Problems, and other regulatory documents of the Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation (Procedure for the provision of medical care, Standard of Medical Care, Clinical Recommendations on the provision of medical care, etc.) (PC -6).

As a result of studying the discipline

# STUDENT SHOULD KNOW:

- definition, classification, etiology and pathogenesis of diseases of hard dental tissues such as dental caries, non-carious lesions, diseases of the dental pulp, periodontitis;

— definition, classification, etiology and pathogenesis of periodontal diseases;

— definition, classification, etiology and pathogenesis of diseases of the oral mucosa and precancerous diseases;

- the main methods of diagnosing diseases of hard tissues of teeth;

- the main methods of diagnosing periodontal diseases;

- the main methods for diagnosing diseases of the oral mucosa;

- modern diagnostic methods used in therapeutic dentistry;

- the main criteria for the differential diagnosis of diseases.

# STUDENT SHOULD BE ABLE TO:

- to conduct examinations of patients with the aim of diagnosing dental diseases;

- determine the index of oral hygiene according to Fedorov - Volodkina, according to Green-Vermillion, KPU;

- read and describe radiographs;

- determine the degree of tooth mobility (I, II, III);

- determine the type of plaque on the teeth, tartar, its color, consistency;

- determine the state of the anatomical areas of the gums (free and attached gums);

- determine the depth of the pockets with a graduated probe;

- to determine the presence of subgingival tartar, discharge from pockets;

- carry out drying and vital staining of enamel in order to identify carious spots;

— to carry out staining of dental plaque with the subsequent determination of hygiene indices by various methods;

- to carry out differential diagnostics of various forms of caries and non-carious lesions;

— to carry out the method of thermometry;

- to carry out the technique of electroodontometry;

-perform percussion, comparative percussion of the teeth, palpation of the transitional fold, soft tissues;

- to carry out differential diagnostics between diseases of the dental pulp and periodontitis;

— to carry out differential diagnostics between periodontal diseases;

- to carry out differential diagnostics between diseases of the oral mucosa;

-correctly draw up a medical history and other medical documentation (referrals to other departments, etc.);

# **STUDENT SHOULD OWN:**

- examination of a dental patient;

- methods for diagnosing non-carious lesions of hard tissues;

- modern methods of diagnosing early caries;

- methods for diagnosing dental caries;

- methods for diagnosing complicated forms of caries;

- Skills in reading radiographs;

- Methods for diagnosing periodontal diseases;

- methods for diagnosing diseases of the oral mucosa;

- methods for diagnosing precancerous diseases of the oral cavity;

- rules for filling out medical documentation.

## To fulfill this provision The teacher sets himself the following tasks:

1. By his personal example, demeanor, appearance, technique of examination and communication with the patient - to demonstrate to the student the basic provisions that must be observed in communicating with the patient, the ability to get in touch with him.

2. Demonstrate in practice a sample of a consistent methodical examination of the patient, to the maximum extent possible to show the symptoms of a particular disease.

3. Actively involve students in conversations with patients, in individual stages and moments of patient examination (palpation, percussion, probing, identification of various symptoms) and thereby facilitate the first independent steps, help overcome the "barrier" in communicating with patients.

4. Analyzing the data obtained during the collection of anamnesis and objective data, give an example of clinical thinking at the patient's chair.

5. Involve students in primary preventive measures to reduce dental diseases, as well as in conducting health education work (issuing health bulletins, brochures, writing lectures and talks on topical dental topics for patients).

6. The study of the disease of hard tissues of the tooth, pulp, periodontal, periodontal and oral mucosa is accompanied by a demonstration of patients, analysis of the anamnesis, etiology

and course of the disease, the treatment of pathology is complex and local, focusing on modern aspects in the practice of treating a particular disease.

The practical orientation of the classes is realized by involving students in direct work with patients, which contributes to the fulfillment of the main task: to teach students not only to know, but also to be able to.

# 2. The place of discipline in the structure of the PEP HPE Academy

Therapeutic dentistry is a core discipline of paramount importance. The main task of the Department of Therapeutic Dentistry is the theoretical and practical training of a doctor who is able to solve the problems of diagnosing dental diseases. The general preventive orientation of the therapeutic dentist will be most fully disclosed to the student during the general medical examination of the population, which allows you to get acquainted with all dental diseases that form before eruption and after eruption, their local and general treatment, preventive manipulations, as well as recommendations and advice that will certainly accompany treatment. doctor's preventive work.

Based on the knowledge gained by the student at the general clinical, general biological, dental departments and the department of childhood diseases, to teach students the features of prevention, clinic, diagnosis and treatment of dental diseases. Prepare a doctor who is able to work in a medical institution after completing an internship.

# 2.1. The list of disciplines indicating the sections (topics), the assimilation of which by students is necessary for the study of this discipline:

2.1. The topic "Criteria for the diagnosis of dental diseases" is a section of therapeutic dentistry. Professional cycle (discipline of choice).

2.2. To study the discipline, knowledge, skills and abilities are necessary, formed by the previous disciplines:

2.2.1. pathological physiology.

Knowledge - Inflammation. Pathology of thermoregulation. Fever. Tumors. Allergy. Somatic diseases.

Skills - to identify the presence of inflammation, allergic reactions, tumors, general somatic diseases.

Skills - to determine the severity and severity of the process

# 2.2.2. Pathological anatomy.

Knowledge - Inflammation. Necrosis. Regeneration. Injuries.

Skills - to carry out diagnostic measures, probing, palpation, determining the viability of the pulp;

Skills - to distinguish various pathological processes from each other.

2.3. And the study of the discipline is necessary for the knowledge, skills and abilities formed by subsequent disciplines/practices:

Department of Therapeutic Dentistry - graduating department.

# 3. The results of mastering the discipline and indicators of the achievement of competencies.

The study of the discipline is aimed at developing the following universal (UK), general professional (OPK) and professional (PC) competencies among students:

N₂ Compete nce code		The content of the competence (or its	Code and name of the competence	As a result of mastering the discipline the students should:			
	nce code	part)	acquisition metric	know	be able to	possess	
1.	UC-1	Able to carry out a critical analysis of problem situations based on a	IET 1.1 Knows: methods of critical analysis and evaluation of modern scientific	Principles and methods of search, analysis and synthesis of information.	Apply the principles and methods of searching, analyzing and	Practical skills of searching, analyzing and synthesizing information.	

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		systematic	achievements;		synthesizing information;	
		approach,	basic principles of		Competently	
		develop an action	critical analysis		, logically,	
		strategy	IUK 1.2 Able to:		reasonably	
			gain new		form their	
			knowledge based		own	
			on analysis,		judgments	
			synthesis, etc.;		and	
			collect data on		assessments.	
			complex scientific			
			problems related to			
			-			
			the professional			
			field; search for			
			information and			
			solutions based on			
			action, experiment			
			and experience			
			IUK 1.3 Has			
			practical			
			experience:			
			researching the			
			problem of			
			professional			
			activity using			
			analysis, synthesis			
			and other methods			
			of intellectual			
			activity;			
			developing an			
			action strategy to			
			solve professional			
			problems			
2.	PC-6	Able to send a patient	IPC 6.1 Knows:	pathological	conduct	methods of
		to laboratory,	The methodology for	anatomy,	examination	treatment of
		instrumental examination, to a	collecting complaints and anamnesis from	clinic, differential	of patients in order to	periodontal diseases;
		examination, to a consultation with	patients (their legal	diagnosis,	diagnose	methods of
		specialist doctors if	representatives).	methods of	caries,	treatment of
		there are	Methods of physical	treatment	pulpitis,	diseases of the
		medical indications in	examination of patients	and	periodontitis	oral mucosa;
		accordance with the	(examination,	prevention	, non-carious	methods of
		current procedures for	palpation, percussion,	of caries;	lesions of	treatment of
		the provision of	auscultation).	classification	the teeth,	non-carious
		medical care, clinical recommendations	The procedure for providing medical care	, etiology, pathogenesis	periodontal diseases and	lesions of hard dental tissues;
		(treatment protocols) on	to the adult population	paulogenesis	oral mucosa,	methods of
		providing medical care	with dental diseases	, pathological	take a smear	treatment of
		taking into account the	The procedure for	anatomy of	for	pulpitis, apical
		standards of medical	providing medical care	pulpitis;	cytological,	periodontitis
		care, and also refer the	to children with dental	clinic,	bacterioscop	and caries
		patient for providing	diseases	differential	ic,	
		specialized medical	Clinical guidelines on	diagnostics,	bacteriologic	
		care in an inpatient	the provision of medical care to	methods of	al	
		setting or in a day hospital if there are	medical care to patients with dental	treatment of inflammatio	examination of the	
		nospital li ulere afe	patients with delital	minalimatio	uie uie	

medical indications in	diseases	n of the	contents of	
accordance with the	Standards of Care	pulp;	the pocket;	
current procedures for	IPK 6.2. Able to:	classification	perform	
the medical care	interpret the results of	, etiology,	palpation of	
delivery, clinical	examination,	pathogenesis	regional	
recommendations	laboratory,	,	lymph nodes	
(treatment protocols)	instrumental,	pathological	of the facial	
on the medical care	pathological and other	anatomy of	skeleton,	
delivery taking into	studies, incl. diagnostic	periodontitis	soft tissues	
account the standards	studies, men augnostie studies using modern	·	of the face;	
		, .1		
of medical care	technical means and	classification	palpation of	
	digital technologies, in	, etiology,	the oral	
	order to recognize the	pathogenesis	mucosa;	
	state or establish the	,	determine	
	presence or absence of	pathological	the	
	a dental disease,	anatomy of	morphologic	
	,			
	symptoms, syndromes	dental	al elements	
	of dental diseases, the	lesions of	of the lesion;	
	establishment of	non-carious	probe deep	
	nosological forms in	origin.	ulcers,	
	accordance with the	Clinic,	fistulas; take	
	International Statistical	differential	material for	
	Classification of	diagnosis,	cytological	
	Diseases and Related	methods of	examination	
	Health Problems, and	prevention	(scrapings,	
	other regulatory	and	prints);	
	documents of the	treatment of	take material	
	Ministry of Health of	lesions of	for direct	
	the Russian Federation	hard tissues	microscopy	
	(Procedure for the	of the tooth	for fungi,	
	provision of medical	of non-	fusospiroche	
	care, Standard of	carious	tes;	
	medical care, Clinical	origin;	to carry out	
	recommendations on	clinic,	therapeutic	
	the provision of	differential	measures in	
	medical care, etc.)	diagnostics,	case of	
		-		
	Develop a plan for the	methods of	damage to	
	treatment of children	treatment of	the oral	
	and adults with dental	periodontal	mucosa with	
	diseases in accordance	inflammatio	arsenic salts;	
	with the procedures for	n;	local	
	the provision of	classification	treatment of	
			lesions of	
	medical care, clinical	, etiology,		
	guidelines, taking into	pathogenesis	the mucous	
	account the standards	,	membrane -	
	of medical care.	pathological	removal of	
	IPC 6.3 Has practical	anatomy of	plaque,	
	experience:	diseases of	necrotic	
	interpretation of the	the oral	tissues,	
	results of examination,		washing,	
	-	mucosa.	0.	
	laboratory,	Clinic,	irrigation,	
	instrumental,	differential	applications;	
	pathoanatomical and	diagnosis,	inject drugs	
	other studies, incl.	methods of	under the	
	diagnostic studies	prevention	elements of	
	using modern technical	and	the lesion;	
	-			
	means and digital	treatment of	eliminate	
	technologies, in order	diseases of	local	
	to recognize the state	the oral	traumatic	
	or establish the	mucosa	factors	
	presence or absence of		determine	
	a dental disease,		the index of	
	a activity discuss,		and much of	

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			symptoms, syndromes		oral hygiene	
			of dental diseases, the		according to	
			establishment of		Fedorov -	
			nosological forms in accordance with the		Volodkina,	
					according to	
			International Statistical		Green-	
			Classification of		Vermillion; describe	
			Diseases and Related Health Problems, and			
			other regulatory		radiographs; determine	
			documents of the		the degree of	
			Ministry of Health of		tooth	
			the Russian Federation		mobility (I,	
			(Procedure for the		II , III );	
			provision of medical		п, ш <i>)</i> ,	
			care, Standard of			
			medical care, Clinical			
			recommendations on			
			the provision of			
			medical care, etc.)			
			Development of a			
			treatment plan for			
			children and adults			
			with dental diseases,			
			taking into account the			
			diagnosis, age and			
			clinical picture in			
			accordance with the			
			current procedures for			
			the provision of			
			medical care, clinical			
			recommendations,			
			taking into account the			
			standards of medical			
3	PC-7	Able to: make a	care IPC 7.1 Knows:	clinic,	choose and	methods of
3	FC-/	Able to: make a differential	Methods of drug and	differential	choose and carry out a	treatment of
		diagnosis with other	non-drug treatment,	diagnostics,	rational	non-carious
		diseases/conditions	medical indications for	methods of	method of	lesions of hard
		including emergencies,	the use of medical	treatment of	treating	dental tissues;
		establish a diagnosis	devices for dental	inflammatio	caries,	methods of
		taking into account the	diseases	n of the	pulpitis,	preparation,
		current international	Groups of drugs used	pulp;	periodontitis	mechanical and
		statistical	to provide medical care	periodontal,	, periodontal	drug treatment
		classification of	in the treatment of	periodontal	diseases,	and filling of
		diseases and	dental diseases; the	and diseases	oral mucosa,	carious
		related health problems	mechanism of their	of the oral	depending	cavities;
		(ICD)	action, medical	mucosa,	on the	methods of
			indications and	classification	clinical	treatment of
			contraindications to the	, etiology,	manifestatio	pulpitis, apical
			appointment;	pathogenesis	ns and the	periodontitis
			compatibility, possible	,	state of the	and caries,
			complications, side	pathological	body as a	methods of
			effects, adverse	anatomy.	whole; apply	professional
			reactions, including	Methods of	paste for	hygiene,
			serious and unexpected	treatment,	pulp dovitalizatio	removal of
1			Principles, techniques and methods of	indications, contraindicat	devitalizatio n;	dental deposits, methods of
			and memous of	contraintuical	11,	memous 01
				ions to	open the	treatment of
			anesthesia, selection of	ions to methods of	open the cavities of	treatment of diseases of the
			anesthesia, selection of the type of local	methods of	cavities of	diseases of the
			anesthesia, selection of		1	

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diseases	groups of
Ways to prevent or	teeth,
eliminate	prepare the
complications, side	crowns of
effects, adverse	intact teeth;
reactions, including	remove the
serious and unforeseen,	pulp after
that occurred during	devitalizatio
the examination or	n from the
treatment of patients	root canal;
with diseases of the	to carry out
teeth, pulp,	instrumental,
periodontium,	drug
periodontium, oral	treatment of
mucosa and lips	
Materials science,	canal, its
technologies,	drying,
equipment and medical	determining
products used in	the degree of
dentistry	its patency;
Anatomy of the head,	seal root
maxillofacial region,	canals with
features of blood	
	pastes and
supply and	sealants
innervation; the	without
structure of the teeth;	using and
histology and	using pins;
embryology of the oral	remove
cavity and teeth, the	fragments of
main violations of	instruments
embryogenesis	from the root
IPK 7.2. Able to:	canal;
Develop a plan for the	carry out the
treatment of children	removal of
and adults with dental	supra- and
diseases in accordance	subgingival
with the procedures for	dental
the provision of	deposits,
medical care, clinical	applications
guidelines, taking into	on the oral
account the standards	mucosa,
of care	blockade
Select and prescribe	under the
medicines, medical	elements of
devices (including	the lesion
dental materials),	take a smear
dietary nutrition,	for
medical and	
	cytological,
recreational regimen	bacterioscop
for the treatment of	ic,
children and adults	bacteriologic
with dental diseases in	al
accordance with the	examination
current procedures for	of the
the provision of	contents of
medical care, clinical	the pocket;
recommendations,	perform
taking into account the	palpation of
standards of medical	regional
care	lymph nodes
Determine medical	of the facial
indications and	skeleton,
indications and	skereton,

contraindications for     soft tissues       local anesthesia     of the face;       techniques in the     palpation of       maxillofacial region     the oral       Perform local     mucosa;       anesthesia (application,     determine       infiltration,     the       conduction) in children     morphologic       and adults with dental     al elements       diseases     of the lesion;       Perform medical     probe deep       interventions,     ulcers,       including thrapeutic     fistulas; take       ones, in children and     material for       adults with dental     cytological       diseases on an     examination       outpatient basis     (scrapings,       (excluding repeated     prints);       endootnic treatment):     take material       - individual training in     for       oral and dental     microscopy       hygiene, selection of     for fungi,       means and items for     fusospiroche       oral hygiene     tes;       - controlled brushing     to carry out       of tecth     therapeutic       - professional oral and     measures in       dental hygiene     case of       - injection of drugs in     damage to <th></th>	
techniques in the     palpation of the oral       Perform local     mucosa; anesthesia (application, infiltration,     the oral       anesthesia (application, infiltration,     determine       and adults with dental     al elements       diseases     of the lesion;       Perform medical     probe deep       interventions,     ulcers,       including therapeutic     fistulas; take       ones, in children and     adults with dental       diseases on an     examination       outpatient basis     (scrapings,       (excluding repeated     prints);       endodontic treatment):     take material       - individual training in     for       oral and dental     microscopy       hygiene, selection of     for       means and items for     tes;       - controlled brushing     to carry out       of teeth     the masultofacial area       - local application of     mucosa with       remineralizing     arsenic salts;       preparations in the area     local       of the tooth     treatment of       - deep fluoridation of     lesions of       the tooth     treatment of	
maxillofacial regionthe oralPerform localmucosa;anesthesia (application, infiltration,determineinfiltration,theconduction) in childrenmorphologicand aduts with dentalal elementsdiseasesof the lesion;Perform medicalprobe deepinterventions,ulcers,including therapeuticfistulas; takeones, in children andmaterialaduts with dentalcytologicaldiseases on anexaminationoutpatient basis(scrapings,(excluding repeatedprints);endodontic treatment):take material- individual training infor fungi,means and items forfusospirocheoral and dentalmicroscopyhygiene, selection offor fungi,means and items forcase of- individual trainingthe case of- individual ratingthe case of- ingiction of drugs indamage tothe maxillofacial reathe oral- local application ofmucosa withremineralizingarsenic salts;preparations in the arealocal- deep fluoridation oflesions of- deep fluoridation oflesions of- deep fluoridation oflesions of- deep fluoridation oflesions of <tr< th=""><td></td></tr<>	
Perform local anesthesia (application, infiltration,mucosa; determine the morphologic al elements of the lesion; Perform medical interventions, 	
anesthesia (application, infiltration,determine the conduction) in children and adults with dental diseasesdetermine the morphologic al elements of the lesion; probe deep interventions, including therapeutic ones, in children and adults with dental diseases on an outpatient basis (excluding repeated endodntic treatment): take material for direct oral and dental hygiene, selection of measured items for oral hygiene tes; to controlled brushing of teeth the maxilor dental hygiene tes; to carry out dental hygiene the maxilor dental hygiene the maxilor dental hygiene tes; to carry out of teeth the maxilor dental hygiene the oral dental hygiene the o	
infiltration,theconduction) in childrenmorphologicand adults with dentalal elementsdiseasesof the lesion;Perform medicalprobeincluding therapeuticfistulas; takeones, in children andmaterialadults with dentalcytologicaldiseases on anexaminationoutpatient basis(scrapings,(excluding repeatedprints);endodontic treatment):take material- individual training infordirentditensoral and dentalmicroscopyhygiene,selection ofmeans and items forfusopirocheoral hygienetes;- controlled brushingto carry outof teeththerapeutic- professional oral andmeasures indental hygienecase of- injection of drugs indamage tothe maxillofacial areathe oral- local application ofmucosa withremineralizingarsenic salts;preparations in the arealocalof toothtreatment of- deep fluoridation oflesions oftoothtreatment of- deep fluoridation oflesions oftoothtreatment of- sealing the fissure ofmembrane -the tooth with a sealantremoval of	
conduction) in children and adults with dental diseasesmorphologic al elementsPerform medical interventions, including therapeutic ones, in children and adults with dental diseases on an outpatient basis (excluding repeated endodnic treatment): - individual training in oral and dental microscopy hygiene, selection of means and items for routpatient by to carry out of teets - controlled brushing of teets - professional oral and dental hygiene - individual area - local application of the maxilloficatial area - local application of remineralizing preparations in the area of teoth - local application of the maxilloficatial area - local application of the maxilloficatial area - local application of teets in the area of teoth - local application of the maxilloficatial area - local application of teets in the area of the tooth - deep fluoridation of testing - sealing the fissure of membrane - the tooth with a sealantmorphologic al elements of testing arsenic salts; local and tooth - removal of	
and adults with dental diseasesal elements of the lesion; probe deep interventions, including therapeutic ones, in children and adults with dental diseases on an outpatient basisprobe deep interventions, ulcers, fistulas; take material for extol adults with dental diseases on an outpatient basiscytological extongent (scrapings, prints); endodontic treatment): take material for direct oral and dental microscopy hygiene, selection of oral and dental means and items for oral hygiene to carry out of teeth - professional oral and dental hygiene controlled brushing of teeth - professional area the masures in dental hygiene case of - injection of drugs in the masures in dental hygiene - local application of remineralizing preparations in the area of the tooth - deep fluoridation of local - sealing the fissure of the tooth with a sealantal elements of teeth means eating the mucous mucosa with remineralizing preparations of to tooth ensmel - sealing the fissure of the tooth with a sealantal elements of lesions of the mucous membrane - the tooth with a sealant	
diseasesof the lesion;Perform medicalprobe deepinterventions,ulcers,including therapeuticfistulas; takeones, in children andmaterial foradults with dentalcytologicaldiseases on anexaminationoutpatient basis(scrapings,(excluding repeatedprints);endodontic treatment):take material- individual training infor directoral and dentalmicroscopyhygiene, selection offor fungi,means and items fortusospirochetest- controlled brushingto carry outof teeththerapeutic- professional oral anddamage todental hygienecase of- injection of drugs indamage tothe maxillofacial areathe oral- local application ofmuccsa withremineralizingarsenic salts;preparations in the arealocalof the toothtreatment of- deep fluoridation oflesions oftooth enamelthe muccous- sealing the fissure ofmembrane -the tooth with a sealantremoval of	
Perform medicalprobe deepinterventions,ulcers,including therapeuticfistulas; takeones, in children andmaterial foradults with dentalcytologicaldiseases on anexaminationoutpatient basis(scrapings,(excluding repeatedprints);endodontic treatment):take material- individual training infororal and dentalmicroscopyhygiene, selection offormeans and items forfusospirocheoral hygienetes;- controlled brushingto carry outof teeththerapeutic- injection of drugs indamage tothe maxillofacial areathe oral- local application ofmuccoas withremineralizingarsenic salts;preparations in the arealocalof the toothtreatment of- deep fluoridation oflesions oftooth enameloctoh with a sealantremovalof	
interventions,       interventions,         including therapeutic       fistulas; take         ones, in children and       material for         adults with dental       cytological         diseases on an       examination         outpatient basis       (scrapings,         (excluding repeated       prints);         endodontic treatment):       take material         - individual training in       for         oral and dental       microscopy         hygiene, selection of       for         oral and dental       microscopy         hygiene       tes;         - controlled brushing       to carry out         of teeth       therapeutic         - injection of drugs in       damage to         the maxillofacial area       the oral         - local application of       mucosa with         remineralizing       arsenic salts;         preparations in the area       local         of the tooth       treatment of         - deep fluoridation of       lesions of         tooth with a sealant       membrane -	
interventions,ulcers,including therapeuticfistulas; takeones, in children andmaterial foradults with dentalcytologicaldiseases on anexaminationoutpatient basis(scrapings,(excluding repeatedprints);endodontic treatment):take material- individual training infororal and dentalmicroscopyhygiene, selection offorfunctional dentaltherapeutic- controlled brushingto carry outof teeththerapeutic- professional oral andmeasures indental hygienecase of- injection of drugs indamage tothe maxillofacial areathe oral- local application ofmuccosa withremineralizingarsenic salts;preparations in the arealocalof the toothtreatment of- deep fluoridation ofthesions oftooth enamelthe muccous- sealing the fissure ofmembrane -the tooth with a sealantremoval of	
including therapeutic ones, in children and adults with dental diseases on an outpatient basis (excluding repeated endodontic treatment): - individual training in oral and dental microscopy hygiene, selection of means and items for oral hygiene - controlled brushing of teeth - professional oral and dental hygiene - injection of drugs in the maxillofacial area - ingiction of means end - ingiction of means end - ingiction of means and items for oral hygiene - controlled brushing of teeth - professional oral and means end - ingiction of drugs in the maxillofacial area - local application of means in the area of the tooth - preparations in the area of the tooth - generation of the tooth - generation of means end - sealing the fissure of the tooth with a sealantfistulas; take material for attemption (sealing the fissure of the tooth with a sealantiii <th></th>	
ones, in children and adults with dental diseases on an outpatient basis (excluding repeated endodontic treatment): - individual training in oral and dental hygiene, selection of means and items for controlled brushing of teeth - professional oral and dental hygiene - injection of drugs in dental hygiene - injection of drugs in dental hygiene - injection of drugs in dental hygiene - injection of measures in dental hygiene - case of - injection of the maxillofacial area - local application of the oral - indext of the oral - injection of the maxillofacial area - local application of the maxillofacial area - local application of the tooth - deep fluoridation of the tooth - sealing the fissure of the tooth with a sealantmaterial for cytological examination (scraping,	
diseases on an examination outpatient basis (scrapings, prints); endodontic treatment): take material - individual training in for direct oral and dental microscopy hygiene, selection of for fungi, means and items for fusospiroche oral hygiene tes; - controlled brushing to carry out of teeth therapeutic - professional oral and measures in dental hygiene case of - injection of drugs in damage to the maxillofacial area the oral - local application of remineralizing preparations in the area of the tooth treatment of - deep fluoridation of tooth enamel the mucous - sealing the fissure of the tooth with a sealant removal of	
diseases on anexaminationoutpatient basis(scrapings,(excluding repeatedprints);endodontic treatment):take material- individual training infororal and dentalmicroscopyhygiene, selection offormeans and items forfusospirocheoral hygienetes;- controlled brushingto carry outof teeththerapeutic- professional oral andmeasures indental hygienecase of- injection of drugs indamage tothe maxillofacial areathe oral- local application ofmucosa withremineralizingarsenic salts;preparations in the arealocalof the toothtreatment of- sealing the fissure ofmembrane -the tooth with a sealantremoval of	
outpatient basis (excluding repeated endodontic treatment): - individual training in oral and dental microscopy hygiene, selection of means and items for oral hygiene - controlled brushing of teeth - professional oral and dental hygiene - professional oral and dental hygiene - individual training in of teeth - professional oral and dental hygiene - local application of remineralizing preparations in the area of the tooth - local preparations in the area of the tooth - sealing the fissure of the tooth with a sealant(scrapings, prints); take material for direct fusospiroche take material microscopy hygiene, selection of to carry out to carry out of teeth - professional oral and dental hygiene - local application of remineralizing preparations of the oral - local of the tooth - deep fluoridation of tooth enamel - sealing the fissure of the tooth with a sealant	
(excluding repeated endodontic treatment): - individual training in oral and dental hygiene, selection of means and items for oral hygiene - controlled brushing of teeth - professional oral and meansume teeth - professional oral and means end item arking to carry out of teeth - injection of drugs in the maxillofacial area - local application of remineralizing preparations in the area of the tooth - deep fluoridation of tooth enamel - sealing the fissure of the tooth with a sealantprints); take material take material for direct for direct for fungi, for fungi, microscopy hygiene tes; to carry out of carry out dental hygiene case of - injection of drugs in the maxillofacial area the oral - local application of remineralizing preparations in the area of the tooth the tooth with a sealantprints); take material for direct damage to the mucous the mucous removal of	
endodontic treatment):take material- individual training infororal and dentalmicroscopyhygiene, selection offormeans and items forfusospirocheoral hygienetes;- controlled brushingto carry outof teeththerapeutic- professional oral andmeasures indental hygienecase of- injection of drugs indamage tothe maxillofacial areathe oral- local application ofmucosa withremineralizingarsenic salts;preparations in the arealocalof the toothtreatment of- deep fluoridation oflesions oftoothe namelthe mucous- sealing the fissure ofmembrane -the tooth with a sealantremoval of	
- individual training in oral and dental hygiene, selection of means and items for oral hygiene - controlled brushing of teeth - professional oral and dental hygiene - case of - injection of drugs in the maxillofacial area - local application of means and the area local - local of the tooth - deep fluoridation of - deep fluoridation of - sealing the fissure of - sealing the fissure of - removal offor direct microscopy for fungi, microscopy for fungi, microscopy for fungi, microscopy tes; to carry out to carry out to carry out of teeth - professional oral and dental hygiene - case of - injection of drugs in the maxillofacial area - local application of remineralizing preparations in the area local of the tooth - deep fluoridation of tooth enamel - sealing the fissure of the tooth with a sealantfor direct microscopy direct microscopy for fungi, microscopy for fungi, means and items in tems membrane - removal of	
oral and dentalmicroscopyhygiene, selection offormeans and items forfusospirocheoral hygienetes;- controlled brushingto carry outof teeththerapeutic- professional oral andmeasures indental hygienecase of- injection of drugs indamage tothe maxillofacial areathe oral- local application ofmucosa withremineralizingarsenic salts;preparations in the arealocalof the toothtreatment of- deep fluoridation oflesionstooth enamelthe mucous- sealing the fissure ofmembrane -the tooth with a sealantremoval of	
hygiene, selection of means and items for oral hygienefor fusospiroche tes; to carry out therapeutic- controlled brushing of teethto carry out therapeutic- professional oral and dental hygienemeasures in case of - injection of drugs in the maxillofacial area- local application of remineralizing preparations in the area of the toothmucosa with treatment of - deep fluoridation of tooth enamel- sealing the fissure of the tooth with a sealantmembrane - removal of	
means and items for oral hygienefusospiroche tes;- controlled brushing of teethto carry out therapeutic- professional oral and dental hygienemeasures in case of- injection of drugs in the maxillofacial areadamage to the oral- local application of remineralizing preparations in the area of the toothmucosa with treatment of local treatment of lesions- deep fluoridation of tooth enamelthe mucous membrane - removal of	
oral hygiene       tes;         - controlled brushing       to carry out         of teeth       therapeutic         - professional oral and       measures in         dental hygiene       case of         - injection of drugs in       damage to         the maxillofacial area       the oral         - local application of       mucosa with         remineralizing       arsenic salts;         preparations in the area       local         of the tooth       treatment of         - deep fluoridation of       lesions of         tooth enamel       the mucous         - sealing the fissure of       membrane -         the tooth with a sealant       removal of	
- controlled brushing of teethto carry out therapeutic- professional oral and dental hygienemeasures in case of- injection of drugs in the maxillofacial areadamage to the oral- local application of remineralizing preparations in the areamucosa with arsenic salts;preparations in the arealocal treatment of - deep fluoridation of tooth enamel- sealing the fissure of the tooth with a sealantmembrane - removal of	
of teeththerapeutic- professional oral and dental hygienemeasures in case of- injection of drugs in the maxillofacial areadamage to the oral- local application of remineralizing preparations in the area of the toothmucosa with arsenic salts; local treatment of lesions- deep fluoridation of tooth enamel - sealing the fissure of the tooth with a sealantmembrane - removal of	
- professional oral and dental hygiene       measures in case of         - injection of drugs in the maxillofacial area       damage to         - local application of remineralizing preparations in the area of the tooth       mucosa with reatment of         - deep fluoridation of tooth enamel       the mucous         - sealing the fissure of the tooth with a sealant       removal of	
dental hygienecase of- injection of drugs indamage tothe maxillofacial areathe oral- local application ofmucosa withremineralizingarsenic salts;preparations in the arealocalof the toothtreatment of- deep fluoridation oflesions oftooth enamelthe mucous- sealing the fissure ofmembrane -the tooth with a sealantremoval of	
- injection of drugs in the maxillofacial areadamage to the oral- local application of remineralizing preparations in the area of the toothmucosa with arsenic salts; local- local application of remineralizing preparations in the area of the toothlocal treatment of lesions of tooth enamel- deep fluoridation of tooth enamelthe mucous membrane - removal of	
the maxillofacial areathe oral- local application ofmucosa withremineralizingarsenic salts;preparations in the arealocalof the toothtreatment of- deep fluoridation oflesionstooth enamelthe mucous- sealing the fissure ofmembranethe tooth with a sealantremoval	
- local application of remineralizing       mucosa with arsenic salts;         preparations in the area       local         of the tooth       treatment of         - deep fluoridation of tooth enamel       the mucous         - sealing the fissure of the tooth with a sealant       removal of	
remineralizingarsenic salts;preparations in the arealocalof the toothtreatment of- deep fluoridation oflesionstooth enamelthe mucous- sealing the fissure ofmembrane -the tooth with a sealantremoval	
preparations in the area of the tooth       local         - deep fluoridation of tooth enamel       treatment of lesions of tooth enamel         - sealing the fissure of the tooth with a sealant       membrane - removal of	
of the toothtreatment of- deep fluoridation of tooth enamellesions of- sealing the fissure of the tooth with a sealantmembrane -	
<ul> <li>- deep fluoridation of tooth enamel</li> <li>- sealing the fissure of the tooth with a sealant</li> <li>- removal of</li> </ul>	
tooth enamelthe mucous- sealing the fissure ofmembranethe tooth with a sealantremoval	
- sealing the fissure of membrane - the tooth with a sealant removal of	
the tooth with a sealant removal of	
whitening necrotic	
- grinding of hard tissues,	
tissues of the tooth washing,	
- restoration of a tooth irrigation,	
with a filling using applications;	
dental cements, inject drugs	
chemical curing under the	
materials, elements of	
photopolymers the lesion;	
- restoration of teeth eliminate	
with a violation of the local	
contact point traumatic	
- tooth restoration with factors	
filling material using	
anchor pins	
- application of	
devitalizing paste	
- pulpotomy	
(amputation of the	
coronal pulp)	
- pulp extirpation	
- instrumental and	
medical treatment of a	

		well-passable root		
		canal		
		- temporary filling of		
		the root canal with a		
		drug		
		- filling the root canal		
		of the tooth with paste,		
		gutta-percha pins		
		- removal of		
		supragingival and		
		subgingival plaque in		
		the tooth area (manual		
		method)		
		- ultrasonic removal of		
		supragingival and		
		subgingival dental		
		deposits in the tooth		
		area		
		- closed curettage for		
		periodontal diseases in		
		the tooth area		
		- application of a		
		medical dressing for		
		periodontal diseases in		
		the area of one jaw		
		- prescription of drug		
		therapy for diseases of		
		the oral cavity and		
		teeth		
		- appointment of		
		dietary therapy for		
		diseases of the oral		
		cavity and teeth		
		Perform medical		
		interventions,		
		including surgical		
		ones, in children and		
		adults with dental		
		diseases on an		
		outpatient basis		
		(excluding the		
		extraction of impacted		
		and dystopic teeth):		
		- removal of a tooth		
		- removal of a		
		temporary tooth		
		- permanent tooth		
		extraction		
		- opening and drainage		
		of odontogenic abscess		
		Carry out phased		
		sanitation of the oral		
		cavity (excluding		
		sanitation of the oral		
		cavity in children		
		under anesthesia)		
		Perform medical		
		interventions,		
		including orthopedic,		
		in adults with dental		
		diseases on an		
		outpatient basis		
L	I	T III CADID		

			(excluding prosthetics			
1			on dental implants,			
			technologies for			
			automated production			
1			of orthopedic			
			structures, complete			
			removable lamellar			
			and clasp dentures):			
			- obtaining anatomical			
			and functional			
			impressions			
			- restoration of a tooth			
			with a crown			
			- restoration of the			
			integrity of the			
			dentition with fixed			
			bridges			
			- prosthetics with			
			partial removable			
1			lamellar dentures			
1			- correction of a			
1			removable orthopedic			
1			structure			
			- removal of a fixed			
			orthopedic structure			
			Interpret the results of			
			X-ray studies of the			
			maxillofacial region			
			Conduct counseling for			
			children and adults			
			with diseases of the			
			mucous membranes of			
			the mouth and lips,			
			determine indications			
			for referral for a			
			consultation with			
			specialist doctors			
			Prevent or eliminate			
			donkey			
4	PC-12	Able to prepare the	IPC 12.1 Knows:	Scientific	Analyze	Methods of
		necessary medical	Fundamentals of	literature,	scientific	medical
		documentation for the		educational	literature	statistics,
		implementation of		and	and	determination
		medical and social	-	methodical	statistical	of the Student's
1		expertise in federal state	information based on	publications,	reviews,	criterion, non-
1		institutions of medical		scientific	conduct	parametric
1		and social expertise and	medicine; methods and	journals and	statistical	methods,
		refer a patient with a		collections	analysis,	comparison of
		persistent impairment of	1	of works.	present the	independent
		body functions caused		Methods of	resulting	and dependent
1		by diseases, the		medical	statistics,	groups,
1		consequences of		statistics.	and interpret	methods for
1		injuries or defects to			them.	describing
1		medical and social				qualitative
		expertise	information based on			features.
1		L.	evidence-based			
1			medicine;			
1			interpret the data of			
			scientific publications;			
1			critically evaluate			
			modern methods of			
1			diagnosis, prevention			
L	1	1		L		

ГТ		
	and treatment of	
	diseases from the	
	perspective of	
	evidence-based	
	medicine;	
	justify your choice of	
	methods for	
	diagnosing, preventing	
	and treating dental	
	diseases;	
	prepare a presentation	
	for the public	
	presentation of medical	
	information, the results	
	of scientific research	
	IPC 12.3 Has practical	
	experience:	
	Development of	
	algorithms for	
	examination and	
	treatment of adults and	
	children with dental	
	diseases in accordance	
	with the principles of	
	evidence-based	
	medicine;	
	search and	
	interpretation of	
	medical information	
	based on evidence-	
	based medicine;	
	public presentation of	
	medical information	
	based on evidence-	
	based medicine;	
	partial participation in	
	scientific research	
	berentine research	

# 4. Sections of the academic discipline and competencies that are formed when mastering them

Nº	Competen	Section name	The content of the section in teaching units
J1≌	ce code	of the discipline	The content of the section in teaching units
		Prevention of caries; non-	Etiology, pathogenesis, pathological anatomy,
	PC-6	carious lesions of hard tissues	clinic, diagnostics, differential diagnostics,
1.	rC-0	of teeth, periodontal diseases	methods of caries treatment and prevention;
1.		and oral mucosa.	pulpitis, periodontitis, non-carious lesions of
			hard dental tissues, periodontal diseases and
			oral mucosa
		Diagnosis of caries; pulpitis,	Etiology, pathogenesis, pathological anatomy,
	РК-7,	periodontitis, non-carious	clinic, diagnostics, differential diagnostics,
2.	UC-1	lesions of hard dental tissues,	methods of caries treatment and prevention;
۷.		periodontal diseases and oral	pulpitis, periodontitis, non-carious lesions of
		mucosa.	hard dental tissues, periodontal diseases and
			oral mucosa
		Differential diagnosis of caries;	Modern methods for diagnosing dental
3.	PC-12	pulpitis, periodontitis, non-	diseases: caries, non-carious lesions, pulpitis,
5.	10-12	carious lesions, periodontal	periodontitis, periodontal disease, oral
		diseases and oral mucosa.	mucosa.

# 5. Volume of discipline and types of educational work

The distribution of the labor intensity of the discipline and types of educational work by semesters:

Type of educational work	Labor i					
	volume in	volume in	Labor	Labor intensity (AH)		
	credit	academic		semester	S	
	units (CU)	hours	6	7	10	
		(AH)				
classroom work, including	2	72			72	
Lectures (L)		10			10	
Laboratory workshops (LP)						
Practical exercises (PZ)						
Clinical Practice (CPP)		34			34	
Seminars (C)						
Student Independent Work (SIW)		28			28	
Intermediate certification						
test/exam (specify type)	offset					
TOTAL	2	72			72	

6. The content of the discipline6.1. Sections of the discipline and types of classes using DOT and EOS:

		Name of the	unu	<b>7</b> 1						Evaluation tools
p /	semester			Types of educational work (in AH)					AH)	Evaluation tools
no.	number	discipline								
		section	т	LD	DE	CD	G	TIMO	<b>T</b> (1	
			L	LP	PE	СР	S	IWS	Total	
1	10	Modern							9	Current testing.
		methods of								Testing practical
		diagnosing	2			7		5		skills. Writing a
		dental caries								fragment of the
										medical history.
2	10	Differential								Current testing.
		diagnosis of								Oral individual
		complicated				7		5	9	survey. Writing
		forms of	2			/		5	9	a fragment of the
		caries: pulpitis,								case history.
		periodontitis.								
3	10	Modern								Current testing.
		methods of								Oral individual
		diagnosing	2			-		_	0	survey. Abstract.
		periodontal				7		5	9	Solution of
		diseases								situational
										problems.
4	10	Differential								Current testing.
		diagnosis of				~		_	0	Oral individual
		diseases of the	2			6		5	8	survey. Abstract.
		oral mucosa								
5	10	Diagnosis of				7		8	9	Current testing.

	precancerous	2					Oral individual
	diseases.						survey. Written
	Oncological						test work.
	alertness in the						Writing a
	practice of a						fragment of the
	dentist.						medical history.
ten	offset						
	TOTAL	10		34	28	72	

L- lectures

LP - laboratory workshop

PE - practical exercises

CP - clinical practice

S - seminars

IWS - independent work of the student6.2. Thematic plan of lectures using DOT and EOS:

N⁰N⁰ p/n	Name of lecture topics	Semester 6	Semester 7	Semester 10
1.	Dental caries. Cariogenic situation in the oral cavity, methods for its detection and elimination. classification of caries. Etiopathogenetic rationale for the treatment and prevention of dental caries. Exogenous and endogenous prevention. Modern methods of treatment and prevention of caries. Modern etiopathogenetic methods and methods of restoration of permanent teeth with modern filling materials.			2
2.	Pulpitis. Periodontitis. Classification, clinic, diagnostics, differential diagnostics. Modern methods of treatment. Modern etiopathogenetic methods and methods of restoration of permanent teeth subjected to primary and repeated endodontic treatment using modern filling materials.			2
3.	Periodontal diseases: Gingivitis (catarrhal, hypertrophic, erosive). Periodontitis. Classification, clinic, diagnostics, differential diagnostics. Modern methods of treatment. Modern etiopathogenetic methods and methods of prevention			2
4.	Periodontal diseases: Periodontitis. Idiopathic periodontal disease. Classification, clinic, diagnostics, differential diagnostics. Modern methods of treatment. Modern etiopathogenetic methods and methods of prevention.			2
5.	Tactics of a doctor in diseases of the oral mucosa. Modern methods of treatment and diagnosis of all types of diseases of the oral mucosa. Clinical cases in the disease of oral mucosa.			2

total			10

6.3. Distribution of laboratory workshops by semesters: not provided by the Federal State Educational Standard.

6.4 Distribution of practical training topics by semester: not provided by the Federal State Educational Standard.

6.5. Distribution of topics of clinical practical classes by semesters using DOT and EOS:

N⁰	Name of topics of clinical practical classes		Volume in AF	Ι
		Semester 6	Semester 7	Semester
				10
1.	Modern methods of diagnosing dental caries			7
2.	Differential diagnosis of complicated forms of caries: pulpitis, periodontitis.			7
3.	Modern methods of diagnosing periodontal diseases			7
4.	Differential diagnosis of diseases of the oral mucosa			6
5.	Diagnosis of precancerous diseases. Oncological alertness in the practice of a dentist.			7
	offset			
	Total (total - 36 Ah)			34

# 6.6 Distribution of seminar topics by semester: not provided by the Federal State Educational Standard.

# 6.7 Distribution of student independent work (SIW) by types and semesters with the use of DOT and EOS:

N⁰	Name of the type of CPC*	Volume in Ah				
		Semester 6	Semester 7	Semester		
				10		
	Preparation for clinical practical classes,			5		
	homework, preparation for current control			5		
	Working with lecture material			5		
	Working with electronic resources on the PIMU			5		
	distance education portal			3		
	The study of material submitted for independent					
	study (separate topics, paragraphs), work with			8		
	literary sources					
	Preparing for testing			5		
	Total			28		

# 7. Fund of evaluation tools for current control and intermediate certification

7.1. Forms of current control and intermediate certification\*, types of evaluation tools:

No	semes				Evaluation	tools
	ter	Forms of	Name of the discipline		Number of	Number of
p /	numb	control	section	Kinds	questions	independent
р	er				in the task	options
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

1	10	offset	Research	methods	in	Tests,	3	50
			dentistry			clinical		
						situatio		
						nal		
						tasks		

\* forms of current control: control of the student's independent work, control of the development of the topic; forms of intermediate certification: test, exam

**The current control** over the discipline is carried out using control questions, situational tasks, as well as test tasks.

**Boundary control** in the discipline is carried out by conducting a test using tasks and test tasks. **Intermediate control** in the form of an exam (after the 4th year) in the discipline is carried out in the form of an interview on tickets (using clinical situational tasks, tests).

**The final control** is carried out at the end of the training, students pass the final state certification in the form of state final exams after the 5th year in 3 stages: certification of practical skills, test tasks, interviews on clinical situational tasks.

7.2. Examples of evaluation tools:

<u>Task #1</u>

Patient S. is 25 years old. The patient complains about the presence of a carious cavity in the tooth. The tooth has never hurt before. Treatment was not carried out.

Objectively: at 2.5 there is a carious cavity filled with food remains on the chewing surface of medium depth. The gingival mucosa in the area 2.5, 2.4, 2.3 is pale pink. When probing 2.5 - a dense bottom of the carious cavity is determined, probing the bottom and walls is painless. The reaction to the cold does not cause pain. Percussion 2.5, 2.4, 2.3 - painless. When preparing 2.5 - pain occurs along the enamel-dentin border.

- 1. Make a preliminary diagnosis, conduct a differential diagnosis.
- 2. What additional research methods should be carried out to clarify the diagnosis?
- 3. What data of the anamnesis and research methods confirm the diagnosis?
- 4. What treatment should be carried out?

<u>Task #2</u>

Patient N., 45 years old, applied to the dental clinic for the purpose of sanitation of the oral cavity.

Objectively: there is a carious cavity on the chewing surface 2.6 within the middle layers of dentin. Dentin along the walls and bottom is dense, pigmented. Cold water does not cause pain.

1. List the diseases that are likely with this symptomatology.

2. Make a preliminary diagnosis by selecting the necessary data from the problem statement.

3. Perform differential diagnosis.

<u>Task #3</u>

Patient M., 40 years old, came to the clinic with complaints of pain in the lower jaw on the left.

Objectively: the gingival mucosa is hyperemic, edematous, bleeding on probing. Tooth 3.6 has a deep carious cavity filled with food debris. EDI -  $20 \mu A$ , tooth 3.5 - intact, II degree mobility, swelling of the gums, pathological periodontal pocket 7 mm deep, with purulent discharge, painful percussion.

- 1. Make a preliminary diagnosis.
- 2. Perform differential diagnosis.
- 3. Make a survey plan.
- 4. Tactics of a dentist.

5. The choice of method of anesthesia.

<u>Task #4</u>

Patient K., 45 years old, came to see a dentist with complaints of burning sensation, pain in the tongue, oral mucosa, lips, dryness in the oral cavity.

From the anamnesis it was found out that the patient 6 months ago underwent gastric resection due to a malignant neoplasm.

Objectively: the examination revealed a decompensated form of dental caries, tooth enamel without natural shine. The mucous membrane of the oral cavity is dry, pale, the tongue is smooth.

- 1. Make a preliminary diagnosis.
- 2. What examination methods can you use to clarify the diagnosis?
- 3. Plan a comprehensive treatment plan.

<u>Task #5</u>

Patient V., aged 15, is hospitalized in a children's clinic. An assistant of the Department of Therapeutic Dentistry was invited to the consultation.

The child complains of pain in the mouth, general weakness. The mother notes lethargy, drowsiness, fever up to 39  $^{0}$ C, refusal to eat.

From the anamnesis: the child had ARVI a week ago (he received oleandomycin, calcium gluconate, vitamin C for 5 days). He grew and developed according to his age. In early childhood he suffered from exudative diathesis, he is allergic to chocolate.

Objectively: the general condition of the child is severe, the body temperature is  $38.8^{\circ}$  C. The lips are edematous, covered with massive crusts. Many extensive erosions on the mucous membrane of the cheeks, tongue, lips, covered with a whitish coating, which are sharply painful when touched. Bloody crusts in the nasal passages, hemorrhages in the sclera of the left eye. On the back of the left hand there are two bubbles up to 5 mm in diameter.

- 1. Make a preliminary diagnosis.
- 2. Carry out differential diagnostics.
- 3. What morphological elements are typical for this pathology.
- a) papule d) blister
- b) erosion e) bubble

c) ulcer g) crust

<u>Task #6</u>

Patient A., 22 years old, gave birth to a child 3 months ago. The child is breastfed.

Currently, patient A. complains of tooth decay, as well as dryness and burning sensation in the tongue and lips, a perversion of taste sensitivity.

Blood analysis: erythrocytes -3x10<sup>12</sup> in 11, H b -90 g/l, color indicator - 0.7, leukocytes-5.3x10<sup>9</sup>, lymphocytes-38%, platelets-200x10<sup>9</sup>, ESR-18 mm/h. Serum iron 560 mcg/l.

- 1. List the diseases that are likely with this clinical symptomatology
- 2. Make a preliminary diagnosis.
- 3. What additional examination methods does your patient need?
- 4. Which doctor should consult, treat and observe this patient?
- 5. What is your next strategy?
  - <u>Task #7</u>

Patient N., 44 years old, went to the dentist for the purpose of sanitation of the oral cavity.

When examining the oral cavity on the buccal mucosa on the right and left, white areas were found in the form of a lacy pattern. The area of the lesion is 1.5x2.5 cm. The mucosa around is pale pink, sufficiently moistened. Palpation of the foci is painless. Regional lymph nodes are not palpable. 47.46 - amalgam fillings, devoid of shine. 36 - missing. The patient is easily excitable, touchy.

- 1. Make a diagnosis.
- 2. Perform differential diagnosis.
- 3. Should the patient be informed of her illness?
- 4. What treatment is needed?
- 5. Disease prognosis.

7.3. Evaluation tools recommended for inclusion in the fund of evaluation tools for the final state certification.

Clinical situational tasks illustrated with photographs and radiographs with a list of questions on the topic. Test tasks. Conducting an exam in manual skills using modern dental materials and tools.

8. Educational, methodological and information support of the discipline (printed, electronic publications, Internet and other network resources) .

8.1. List of basic literature\*:

No.	Name according to bibliographic requirements	Number of copies		
		At the department	In library	
1	Therapeutic dentistry. Part 2: Periodontal disease: a textbook for universities 2 / Barer G. M.; Publisher: GEOTAR-Media, 2008	1	33	
2	Therapeutic dentistry. Guide to practical exercises: study guide / Maksimovsky Yu. M.; Publisher: GEOTAR-Media, 2011	1	102	
3	Therapeutic dentistry: a textbook for students. honey. universities / Borovsky E.V. Publisher: Medical News Agency, 2011	1	54	
4	Dentistry of the XXI century : topical aspects : compilation scientific works With international participation , dedicated to the 20th anniversary departments therapeutic and orthopedic dentistry / Lukinykh L . M .; Ed . Nizhny State Medical Academy , 2012	1	6	
5	Recovery teeth light-cured composite materials : practical management for doctors dentists - therapistsAuthor : Makeeva I . M .; Publisher : MEDpress - inform , 2013	1	30	

## 8.2. List of additional literature:

No.	Name according to bibliographic requirements	Number of copies

		At the department	In library
1	Modern filling materials and medicinal drugs in therapeutic dentistry : practical management / Dmitrieva L . A .; Ed .: Medical informational agency , 2011	1	1
2	Phantom course of therapeutic Phantom course of therapeutic dentistry / Nikolaev AI; Publisher: MEDpress-inform, 2009	1	96
3	Recovery teeth light-cured composite materials : practical management for doctors dentists - therapists / Makeeva I . M .; Publisher : MEDpress - inform , 2011	1	1
4	Mistakes in endodontic treatment and ways to prevent them: a teaching aid / Murzova T.V.; Publisher: NizhGMA, 2010	1	35
5	Apical periodontitis: textbook / Lukinykh L. M.; Ed. Nizhny State Medical Academy, 2010	1	54
6	Therapeutic dentistry: a textbook for students. honey. Universities / Borovsky E.V.; Publisher: Medical Information Agency, 2011	1	54
8	Dentistry. Recording and maintaining a medical history: a guide / Afanasiev V.V.; Publisher: GEOTAR-Media, 2013	1	50
9	Restoration of teeth with light-cured composite materials: a practical guide for the doctor / Makeeva I.M.; Publisher: MEDpress-inform, 2013	1	30
10	Treatment of periodontal diseases: textbook / Zhulev E. N.; Publisher: NizhGMA, 2016	6	1

8.3. List of guidelines for classroom and independent work of students:

No	Name according to bibliographic requirements	Number of copies	
		At the	In library
		departmen	
		t	
1	Pulpitis. Etiology. Pathogenesis. Diagnostics. Treatment / N.N.	1	1

	Bondarenko, L.M. Lukinykh Nizhny Novgorod: Publishing house of NizhGMA, 2014 190p.		
2	Algorithm aesthetic restoration front and lateral teeth : monograph / L A . Lobovkina A M . Romanov - M . : MEDpress - inform , 2008 R / W	1	1
3	Scheme surveys and writing medical cards dental patient ( methodical instructions) / Kondyurova E . V ., Uspenskaya Oh . A . // Saransk : Publishing House _ Mordovs . un - ta , 2015 72 p .	1	1
4	Reading radiographs of teeth and jaws at various age periods in normal and pathological conditions / L.M. Lukinykh, O.A. Assumption N.Novgorod: 5th edition, NizhGMA Publishing House, 201544p.	1	1
5	Irrigation of the root canal system / ed. L.M. Lukinykh., 2nd edition - Nizhny Novgorod: NizhGMA Publishing House, 2015 36p.	1	1
6	Obturation of the root canal system / ed. L.M. Lukinykh Nizhny Novgorod: Publishing house of NizhGMA, 2015 60s.	1	1
7	Apical periodontitis / Lukinykh L.M., Egorova L.I., Tiunova N.V., Zhdanova M.L. // Tutorial. Publishing house NGMA. Nizhny Novgorod, 2016 174p.	1	1
8	Caries teeth : educational allowance / Yu . M . Maksimovsky - M . : GEOTAR - Media , 2009 Ab / scientific	1	1
9	Gutova , Yu . C . Influence postbonding on the quality restorations at operational and recovery treatment solid fabrics tooth With using compositional filling materials : author's abstract . dis cand . honey . Sciences : $14.00.21 / Yu \cdot C \cdot Gutov \cdot - M \cdot \_$ : B . and ., 2008 26 p .	1	1
10	Chagay A A . Clinico - experimental justification choice methods restoration teeth at treatment uncomplicated caries : author's abstract . dis cand . honey . Sciences : 14.00.21 / A. A . Chagay Yekaterinburg : B and ., 2007.	1	1

# Educational and methodological materials published by the staff of the Department of Therapeutic Dentistry and used by both teachers and students:

No. \ No. p /	Teaching aid, monograph	The authors)	Edition (where, when)
р			
1.	Catarrhal gingivitis. Etiology, clinic, treatment. (Guidelines for students)	L.M. Lukinykh	Nizhny Novgorod, NGMI1992 24s.
2.	Reading radiographs of teeth and jaws. (Guidelines for students)	L.M. Lukinykh	Nizhny Novgorod, NGMI1992 27s.

3.	Scheme of clinical examination of the patient and writing an academic medical history. (Guidelines for students)	L.M. Lukinykh	Nizhny Novgorod, NGMI199228s.	
4.	Periodontal disease (guidelines for students). Part 1	L.M. Lukinykh	Nizhny Novgorod, NGMA 199343s.	
5.	Periodontal disease (guidelines for students). Part 2	L.M. Lukinykh	Nizhny Novgorod, NGMA 199346s.	
6.	Diseases of the oral mucosa mouth. (Tutorial)	L.M. Lukinykh SI. Gazhva L.N. Kazarina Yu.N. Livshits MM. Poleshchuk L.V. Shestopalova L.I. Krasulova and others.	Nizhny Novgorod: Nizhegorod Publishing House. state medical academy, 1993211s.	
7.	Guidelines for industrial practice for students of the Faculty of Dentistry on the prevention of dental diseases.	L.M. Lukinykh S.I. Gazhva	Nizhny Novgorod, NGMA199416s.	
8.	Guidelines for students of the Faculty of Dentistry on the production practice of pediatric dentistry.	L.M. Lukinykh L.N. Kazarina	Nizhny Novgorod, NGMA199418s.	
9.	Guidelines for students of the Faculty of Dentistry for practical work in therapeutic dentistry.	L.M. Lukinykh L.N. Kazarina	Nizhny Novgorod, NSMA1995 31s.	
10.	Organization of therapeutic dental care in the armed forces in peacetime and wartime.	L.M. Lukinykh	Nizhny Novgorod, NGMA1996 24s.	
11.	Dental caries.	L.M. Lukinykh S.I. Gazhva L.N. Kazarina	Nizhny Novgorod: Nizhegorod Publishing House. state medical academy, 1996128s.	
12.	Guidelines for students of the Faculty of Dentistry toindustrial practice in therapeutic dentistry	L.M. Lukinykh L.N. Kazarina	Nizhny Novgorod, NSMA1997 34s.	
13.	and clinical examination Treatment and prevention of dental caries. (Tutorial)	L.M. Lukinykh	Nizhny Novgorod: Nizhegorod Publishing House. state medical academy, 1998168 p.	
14.	Guidelines for foreign students of the Faculty of Dentistry to work practice in therapeutic dentistry.	L.M. Lukinykh	Nizhny Novgorod: Nizhegorod Publishing House.	

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24.	Scheme of clinical examination of the	L.M. Lukinykh	Nizhny Novgorod:
	patient and writing an academic medical	I.I. Parshin	2nd edition, Nizhny
	history. (Guidelines for students)		Novgorod Publishing
			House. state medical
			academy, 2003, -44s

25.	Physiotherapy in the practice of therapeutic	L.M. Lukinykh	Nizhny Novgorod,
	dentistry.	O.A. Uspenskaya	NGMA200336p.
26.	Reading radiographs of teeth and jaws at	L.M. Lukinykh	Nizhny Novgorod,
	various age periods in normal and pathological conditions.	O.A. Uspenskaya	NGMA200340p.
27.	Guidelines for work practice in therapeutic	L.M. Lukinykh	Nizhny Novgorod,
	pediatric dentistry for students of the Faculty of Dentistry.	L.N. Kazarina S.Yu. Kosyuga	NGMA200338s.
	racany or Domistry.	I.N. Chuprunova	
		MM. Ratsyuk	
28.	Prevention of dental caries and diseases periodontal.	L.M. Lukinykh	M.: Medical book, 2003196s.
29.	Monograph Dental caries. Etiology, clinic, treatment,	L.M. Lukinykh	N. Novgorod: 4th
_>.	prevention.		edition, Nizhegorod
			Publishing House.
			state medical
30.	Guidelines for students of the 2nd year of	L.M. Lukinykh	academy, 2004186s. Nizhny Novgorod,
50.	the Faculty of Dentistry to the production	E.V. Kitaeva	NGMA 200426s.
	practice "Assistant Nurse of a Dental Institution".		
31.	Guidelines for students of the 3rd year of	L.M. Lukinykh	Nizhny Novgorod,
	the Faculty of Dentistry to work practice in	E.V. Kitaeva	NGMA 2004 40
	therapeutic dentistry.		р.
32.	Diseases of the mucous membrane of the	/ Ed. L.N. Kazarina	Nizhny Novgorod,
	oral cavity and lips in children.		NGMA 2004 p.
22			264.
33.	Apical periodontitis. (Tutorial)	L.M. Lukinykh Yu.N. Livshits	N. Novgorod: 2nd edition, Nizhegorod
		I U.I.V. LIVSIIIUS	Publishing House.
			state Medical
			Academy, 200492.S.
34.	Pulpitis (Clinic, diagnosis, treatment).	L.M. Lukinykh	N. Novgorod: 3rd
	(Tutorial)	L.V. Shestopalova	edition, Nizhegorod Publishing House.
			state medical
			academy, 200488C.
35.	Dentist and patient: rights, obligations,	N.N. Bondarenko	M.: Medical book,
	a responsibility.		2004 96 p.
	Monograph		

36.	Diseases of the oral cavity.	/ Ed. L.M. Lukinykh	Nizhny Novgorod,
			Nizhny Novgorod
			Publishing House.
			state medical
			academy, 2004510s.
37.	Civil-legal bases of medical activity.	N.N. Bondarenko	Nizhny Novgorod,
	Guidelines		Nizhny Novgorod
			Publishing House.
			state medical
			academy, 200548 p.
38.	Scheme of clinical examination of the	L.M. Lukinykh	Nizhny Novgorod:
	patient and writing an academic medical	I.I. Parshin	3rd edition, Nizhny
	history. (Guidelines for students)		Novgorod Publishing
			House. state medical
			academy, 200544s.

39.	Physiotherapy in the practice of therapeutic dentistry.	L.M. Lukinykh O.A. Uspenskaya	Nizhny Novgorod: 2nd edition, NGMA 200536s.
40.	Reading radiographs of teeth and jaws at various age periods in normal and pathological conditions.	L.M. Lukinykh O.A. Uspenskaya	Nizhny Novgorod: 2nd edition, NGMA 200540s.
41.	Periodontal disease (clinic, diagnosis, treatment and prevention).	L.M. Lukinykh E.N. Zhulev I.N. Chuprunova	Nizhny Novgorod, Nizhny Novgorod Publishing House. state medical academy, 2005322p.
42.	Legal literacy of dentists. <i>Monograph</i>	A.V. Demina G.A. Pashinyan L.M. Lukinykh	Moscow, Medical Book Publishing House, 2005160p.
43.	Forensic stomatological identification of a person (state and development prospects). <i>Monograph</i>	G.A. Pashinyan L.M. Lukinykh G.N. Karpov	Moscow, Medical Book Publishing House, 2005157p.
44.	Dental diseases during pregnancy and their prevention. <i>Monograph</i>	CM. Tolmacheva L.M. Lukinykh	Moscow, Medical Book Publishing House, 2005150p.
45.	Dental complications that developed after radiation and chemoradiotherapy (Clinical course, treatment and prevention of candidiasis that developed against the background of mucositis). <i>Monograph</i>	L.I. Egorova L.M. Lukinykh	Moscow, Medical Book Publishing House, 2006155p.
46.	Physiotherapy in the practice of therapeutic dentistry.	L.M. Lukinykh O.A. Uspenskaya	Nizhny Novgorod: 3rd edition, NGMA 200636s.
47.	Reading radiographs of teeth and jaws at various age periods in normal and pathological conditions.	L.M. Lukinykh O.A. Uspenskaya	Nizhny Novgorod: 2nd edition, NGMA 200640s.

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48.	Establishing the age and gender of a person	G.A. Pashinyan	Moscow, Medical
	by the degree of tooth wear, taking into	L.M. Lukinykh	Book Publishing
	account the presence of a number of	A.A. Plishkin	House, 2007104 p.
	pathological conditions and harmful		
40	working conditions. <i>Monograph</i>		
49.	Dryness in the mouth. Classification,	O.A. Uspenskaya	Nizhny Novgorod:
	differential diagnosis, treatment	A.A. Plishkin	Publishing House of
		N.V. Kazarina	NizhGMA, 200731
50.	Urogenital candidiasis and bacterial	E.A. Shevchenko E.A. Shevchenko	p. Nizhny Novgorod:
50.	vaginosis.	A.A. Artifeksova	NizhGMA Publishing
	vagniosis.	O.A. Uspenskaya	House, 200727 p.
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51.	Dentistry for pregnant women.	O.A. Uspenskaya	Nizhny Novgorod:
		E.A. Shevchenko	Publishing House of
		N.V. Kazarina	NizhGMA, 2008 24
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52.	Clinical and expert assessment of errors and	S.I. Gazhva	Nizhny Novgorod:
	complications in the practice of a pediatric	E.S. Tuchik	Publishing House of
	dentist.	HER. Abramova	NizhGMA, 2008300
		N.N. Bondarenko	р.
53.	Guide to Forensic Dentistry.	Ed. G.A. Pashinyan	M: LLC
			Medical Information
			Agency, 2009528 p.
54.		L.M. Lukinykh	Nizhny Novgorod,
	patient and writing a medical record of a		Nizhny Novgorod
	dental patient.		Publishing House. state
			medical academy,
55	Dontist and nation: logal reality	N N Dondoronko	2009 72p.
55.	Dentist and patient: legal reality.	N.N. Bondarenko	Moscow, Publishing house Medical book,
			Publishing house
			"Dentistry", 2009124
			Dentistry , 2009. 124
56.	Guidelines for the production practice in	L.M. Lukinykh	Nizhny Novgorod:
	therapeutic dentistry "Assistant to the dentist	•	Publishing house of
	1 · ·	L.I. Egorova	NizhGMÄ, 201044 p.
	<b>•</b>	E.V. Kitaeva	
57.	Apical periodontitis. Tutorial	L.M. Lukinykh	Nizhny Novgorod:
		L.I. Egorova	Nizhny Novgorod
			Publishing House. state
			medical academy,
			2010120 р.
58.		L.M. Lukinykh	Nizhny Novgorod:
	practice in therapeutic stomatology for the 3-	-	NizhGMA Publishing
	d year students of the stomatologycal faculty	CM. Tolmacheva	House, 201035 p.
	"THE ASSISTANT OF STOMATOLO-"		
1	GICAL THERAPEUTIST".		

59.	Guidelines for conducting work practice "Assistant Nurse of the Dental Department."	L.M. Lukinykh	Nizhny Novgorod: Publishing house of NizhGMA, 201040 p.
60.	Guidelines for the production practice in therapeutic dentistry "Assistant to the dentist therapist".	E.V. Kitaeva L.M. Lukinykh CM. Tolmacheva L.I. Egorova E.V. Kitaeva	Nizhny Novgorod: Publishing House of Nizhny State Medical Academy, 201144s.
61.	Reading radiographs of teeth and jaws at various age periods in normal and pathological conditions.	L.M. Lukinykh O.A. Uspenskaya	Nizhny Novgorod: 3rd edition, NGMA 201144p.
62.	Scheme of clinical examination of the patient and writing a medical record of a dental patient.	L.M. Lukinykh	Nizhny Novgorod, Nizhny Novgorod Publishing House. state medical academy, 201172p.
63.	Physiotherapy in the practice of therapeutic dentistry.	L.M. Lukinykh O.A. Uspenskaya	Nizhny Novgorod: 5th edition, NGMA 201136s.
64.	Physiotherapy in the practice of therapeutic dentistry.	L.M. Lukinykh OA. Uspenskaya E.A. Shevchenko	Nizhny Novgorod: 6th edition, NGMA 201252s.
65.	Reading radiographs of teeth and jaws at various age periods in normal and pathological conditions.	L.M. Lukinykh O.A. Uspenskaya	Nizhny Novgorod: 3rd edition, NGMA 201244p.
66.	Reading radiographs of teeth and jaws at various age periods in normal and pathological conditions.	L.M. Lukinykh O.A. Uspenskaya	Nizhny Novgorod: 3rd edition, NGMA 201344p.
67.	Urogenital infection and infertility (monograph)	Shevchenko E.A., Artifeksova A.A., Uspenskaya O.A.	Nizhny Novgorod: Publishing house of NizhGMA, 2012 160 pages.
68	Reading radiographs of teeth and jaws at various age periods in normal and pathological conditions	Lukinykh L.M. Uspenskaya O.A.	Tutorial. 5th edition. Publishing house NGMA. Nizhny Novgorod, 2013. 44 p.
69	Test tasks in therapeutic dentistry	Lukinykh L.M., Tiunova N.V., Egorova L.I., Zhdanova M.L., Plishkina A.A., Zolotukhin V.A., Kruglova N.V., Spiridonova S.A.	Nizhny Novgorod: Publishing house of NizhGMA, 2013 272 pages.
70.	1 1	L.M. Lukinykh, N.V. Kruglova -	N. Novgorod: NizhGMA Publishing House, 2013 - 122 p.; ill.

71.	Lichen planus of the oral mucosa: etiology,		Nizhny Novgorod:
	pathogenesis, clinic, modern methods of treatment (monograph)	Tunova N. v.	Publishing house of NizhGMA, 2013 116 p.
72.	Reading radiographs of teeth and jaws at various age periods in normal and pathological conditions (textbook).	Lukinykh L.M. Uspenskaya O.A.	Tutorial. 6th edition). Publishing house NGMA. Nizhny Novgorod, 2014. 42 p.
73.	Physiotherapy in the practice of therapeutic dentistry (educational manual)	Lukinykh L.M. Uspenskaya O.A. Shevchenko E.A.	Teaching aid. 2nd edition. Nizhny Novgorod: NizhGMA Publishing House, 2014.–52 p.
74	Irrigation of the root canal system (educational manual).	Lukinykh L.M., Tiunova N.V., Egorova L.I., Zhdanova M.L., Yartseva A.V.	Publishing house NGMA. Nizhny Novgorod, 2014 36 p.
75.	1 01 0	N.N. Bondarenko, L.M. Lukinykh.	Nizhny Novgorod: NGMA Publishing House, 2014 190 pp. ill.
76.	Lichen planus (educational manual).	Lukinykh L.M., Tiunova N.V.	Publishing house NGMA. Nizhny Novgorod, 2014. 44 p.
77.	Erythema multiforme exudative (educational manual)	L.M. Lukinykh, O.A. Uspenskaya, E.A. Shevchenko.	Nizhny Novgorod: Publishing house of NizhGMA, 2015 44 p., ill.
78.	-	O.A. Uspenskaya, L.M. Lukinykh, E.A. Shevchenko, N.V. Tiunova.	Nizhny Novgorod: Publishing house of NizhGMA, 2015 72 p., ill.
79.	Obturation of the root canal system (training manual).	Lukinykh L.M., Tiunova N.V., Egorova L.I., Zhdanova M.L., Yartseva A.V.	Publishing house NGMA. Nizhny Novgorod, 2015 60 p.
80.	Precancerous diseases of the oral mucosa and the red border of the lips (textbook).	Lukinykh L.M., Zhdanova M.L., Tiunova N.V.	Publishing house NGMA. Nizhny Novgorod, 2015 88 p.
81.	•	O.A. Uspenskaya, L.M. Lukinykh, E.A. Shevchenko	Teaching aid. 3rd edition. Nizhny Novgorod: NizhGMA Publishing House, 2015.–52 p.
82	Reading radiographs of teeth and jaws at different age periods in normal and pathological conditions (textbook)	O.A. Uspenskaya, L.M. Lukinykh	Tutorial. 7th edition. Publishing house NGMA. Nizhny

			Novgorod, 2015 44 pages.
83	Scheme of examination and writing a medical record of a dental patient (guidelines).	Kondyurova E.V., Uspenskaya O.A.	Saransk: Publishing House Mordovs. un- ta, 2015 72 p.
84.	Treatment of periodontal diseases (textbook)	E.N. Zhulev, N.V. Kruglova, A.V. Kochubeinik	Nizhny Novgorod, 2016-162 c., illustrations ISBN 978-5-7032- 1077-2.
85.	Halitosis. (Tutorial.)	O.A. Uspenskaya, N.V. Tiunova	N. Novgorod, publishing house of NizhGMA, 2016 72p. ill.
86.	Apical periodontitis (Tutorial).	Lukinykh L.M., Egorova L.I., Tiunova N.V., Zhdanova M.L.	Publishing house NGMA. Nizhny
87.	The orofacial system: the art of clinical diagnosis. (Tutorial).	Troshin, O.A. Uspenskaya, N.V. Tiunova.	N. Novgorod, Publishing house of NizhGMA, 2016 88 pages

8.4. Electronic educational resources used in the process of teaching the discipline: 8.4.1. Internal Electronic Library System of the University (VEBS)\*

0.1.1. Internal Electronic Elorary System of the University (VEDS)					
Name	of the	Brief	description	Access conditions	Number of users
electronic resource		(content)			
Internal	Electronic	Proceedin	gs of PIMU	Access by individual	Not limited
Library	System	staff	(textbooks,	login and password	
(VEBS) P	(VEBS) PIMU		collections	from any computer	
		of	tasks,	and mobile device	
		methodol	ogical		
		manuals,	laboratory		
		work, r	nonographs,		
		etc.)			

# 8.4.2. Electronic educational resources purchased by the university

No.	Name of the electronic	Brief description	Access conditions	Number of users
	resource	(content)		
1.	Database "Medicine.	Textbooks and teaching	Access by individual	Not limited
	Healthcare (VO) and	aids for higher medical	login and password	
	"Medicine. Healthcare	and pharmaceutical	from any computer	
	(SPO)" as part of the	education.	and mobile device	
	database "Electronic			
	library of a technical			
	university (ELS "Student			
	Consultant"			
2.	Database "Doctor's	National guidelines,	Access by individual	Not limited
	Consultant. Electronic	clinical guidelines,	login and password	
	Medical Library»	textbooks, monographs,	from any computer	

		atlases, reference books, etc.	and mobile device	
3.	Database "Electronic library system "Bukap"	Educational and scientific medical literature of Russian publishing houses, incl. translated editions. The collection of subscription publications is formed point by point.	Access by individual login and password from any computer and mobile device. From university computers - access is automatic.	Not limited
4.	Electronic periodicals in the database "SCIENTIFIC ELECTRONIC LIBRARY eLIBRARY "	Electronic medical magazines	Access - from the computers of the university.	Not limited
-	Open access resources			
No.	Name of the electronic rese	ource	Brief description	
1	Electronic articles and abst		<i>(content)</i> Electronic medical	<i>conditions</i> Not limited
1.	Electronic articles and abs	racts	magazines	Not limited
2.	Clinical recommendations of the Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation		Protocols for the management o various denta nosologies	f
3.	Standards of Care http : www . rspor . en / index.php?mod1=standards3&mod2=db1		Medical care standards	e Not limited
4.	State Register of Medicines <u>http://www.drogreg.en/bases/</u> WebReestrQuery.asp		List of commonly used drugs	V Not limited
5.	Federal State Institution Scientific Center for Expertise of Medicinal Products of Roszdravnadzor http://www.regmed.ru		Circulation or medicines	f Not limited
6.	Pharmaceutical Information Foundation http://drugreg.en		Medications	Not limited
7.	Russian Encyclopedia of Medicines http://rlsnet.en		Medications	Not limited
8.	Handbook Vidal. http://www.vidal.ru		Medications	Not limited

9.	STAR-Dental Association of Russia www.e-stomatology.en	Guidelines	Not limited
10.	Russian State Library (RSL) http://www.rsl.en/	Abstracts for which there are copyright agreements with permission for their open publication.	Not limited
11.	Scientific electronic library of open access CyberLeninka http://cyberleninka.ru/	Full texts of scientific articles with annotations published in scientific journals in Russia and neighboring countries.	Not limited
12.	Federal Electronic Medical Library (FEMB) http://neb.rf/	Includes electronic analogues of printed publications and original electronic publications that have no analogues recorded on other media (dissertations, abstracts, books, magazines, etc.)	Not limited
13.	European Association of Scientists, Educators and Dental Professionals www.ed-academy	Dental education, scientific activity	Not limited
14.	Russian Medical Academy of Postgraduate Education www . rmappo . en /	Information about the departments and departments, scientific subdivisions. Selection committee.	Not limited
15.	American Dental Association of Dentists www.americandental.ru/index.html?page=23	International standards and requirements for dental products	Not limited

9. Logistics support of discipline.

9.1. List of premises\* required for conducting classroom studies in the discipline.

1. Dental rooms equipped with the necessary equipment and equipment No. 5

- 2. X-ray room
- 3. Sterilization

9.2. The list of equipment\* required for classroom training in the discipline. <u>Lectures:</u>

1. Electronic presentation set

2. Lecture hall, screen, projector, laptop

Tables and albums.

- 1. Diagnosis of non-carious lesions and caries.
- 2. Diagnosis of pulpitis.

3. Diagnosis of periodontitis.

4. Diagnosis of periodontal diseases.

5. Diagnosis of diseases of the oral mucosa.

cement.

Presentations, transparencies, albums, videos:

1. Caries and its complications (pulpitis, periodontitis).

2. Periodontal disease (gingivitis, periodontitis, periodontal disease, idiopathic diseases).

3. Diseases of the oral mucosa.

4. Non-carious lesions of the teeth.

5. Methods of examination of the patient in the clinic of therapeutic dentistry.

6.Karifei dentistry.

Dental instruments, devices:

1. Dental instruments (tweezers, probes, mirrors, excavators, trowels, pluggers, matrix holders, matrices, tips, burs, polishers, carborundum stones, rubber bands and brushes in stock, endodontic instruments in stock, etc.).

2. Dental filling materials for filling root canals, carious cavities and non-carious lesions.

- 3. Dry oven, autoclave.
- 4. Germicidal lamp.
- 5. Bixes for sterilization.

6. Negatoscope.

7. Odontosensimeter, Digitest.

8. Apparatus Diathermocoagulator.

9 Hydromassage apparatus.

10. Ultradent apparatus.

11. Amalgamator.

12. Apparatus "Neuron-01".

13. Apparatus "Neuron-02".

14. Apparatus "Mirabel".

15. Apparatus IGNL.

16. Tonometer.

17. Phonendoscope.

18. Assistant's chair.

19. Dentist's chair.

20. Dentist's table.

21. Dental unit (Azimuth, Galant, DabiAtlant, Performer-IDek, Castellini).

22. Apex locator.

23. MiniPieson.

24. Assist.

25. Televisions and VCRs.

26. Laptop and multimedia projector

Training stands:

1. Information (announcements).

2. Plans of lectures and practical classes, lists of recommended basic and additional literature for study.

3. Oral hygiene, hygiene products.

4. Sweeteners.

5. Prevention of non-carious diseases, dental caries and periodontal diseases.

6. A set of orthopantomograms and intraoral radiographs.

7. Treatment, prevention of periodontal diseases and oral mucosa.

8. Recommended literature on therapeutic dentistry, published in a typographical way by the teaching staff of the Department of Therapeutic Dentistry.

Training dummies:

- 1. Teeth with cavities of 1-6 Black classes.
- 2. Phantom head.
- 3. Phantom of oral hygiene.
- 4. Human teeth are artificial and natural.

5. Phantom for endodontic manipulations.

6. Workplace for each student (dental unit, dental chair, dentist's chair, dentist's table , doctor's desk).

- 1. Electronic presentation set
- 2. Lecture hall, screen, projector, laptop, screen, TV, video camera, laidoscope, video recorder, PC, video and DVD players, monitors, sets of slides, tables / multimedia visual materials on various sections of the discipline, video films, boards and others

ABOUT educational technologies in an interactive form used in the process of teaching the discipline:

- *1*. role play
- 2. business games
- 3. training
- 4. game design
- 5.computer simulation

6. situation-case etc.;

non-imitation technologies :

- 1. lecture (problematic, visualization, etc.),
- 2. discussion (with and without brainstorming),
- 3. programmed learning, etc.

Only 25% of interactive classes from the volume of classroom work.

9.3. Examples of educational technologies in an interactive form:

No	Section name	Forms of classes using	
		active and interactive	
		educational	
		technologies	
1	Modern methods of diagnosing dental caries	Role-playing game	
2	Differential diagnosis of complicated forms of	Seminar-discussion	
	caries: pulpitis, periodontitis.		
3	Modern methods of diagnosing periodontal	business game	
	diseases		
4	Differential diagnosis of diseases of the oral	Seminar-discussion	
	mucosa		
5	Diagnosis of precancerous diseases. Oncological	Lecture - visualization	
	alertness in the practice of a dentist.		

**Role play design.** The methodology of the game can be demonstrated on the example of simulating a clinical situation - dental caries. There are several stages in the role-playing game.

• determination of the goal of the game, development of a game scenario depending on the topic of the lesson: study of the clinic, diagnosis, differential diagnosis of caries, thresholds of sensitivity and emotional lability were determined;

• instructing participants: the moderator (the role of a teacher or educator) names the topic of the lesson, determines its significance, focuses students' attention on the need to highlight competencies (especially legal aspects) that should be analyzed on this particular topic.

• distribution of roles

• determining the features of their behavior, depending on the role. The educational tasks of each are determined based on the game roles.

**Dive into the game**. Participants of the game are determined. In a role-playing game, learning takes place in the process of joint activity, but at the same time, each participant performs (solves) his task, in accordance with the role.

Students choose cards with a given role in the "blind", determine the range of questions in accordance with the job responsibilities associated with the reception of a patient with dental caries. The "patient" card indicates the diagnosis, severity and aggravating moments (background disease, condition of the dentition: deep bite, partial absence of teeth, short frenulum or any other concomitant pathology). The rest of the participants in the game should not know the diagnosis.

**Game process.** The student-patient must formulate the complaints with which patients usually go to the doctor in this situation, model the clinical signs of the disease in the form of individual symptoms characteristic of this particular case.

The task of the doctor was to recreate the picture of the disease from individual symptoms, supplement it with the results of appropriate examination methods, and make a diagnosis that is known only to the student - the patient. At this stage of the game, the main points that were taken into account when discussing the course of the game were the observance of the procedure for examining the patient, compliance with the norms of ethics and deontology.

The student dentist clarifies the patient's complaints, details the conditions for the occurrence and development of these symptoms, how they stop. After a complete survey (anamnesis of the development of the disease, life), he identifies the leading symptoms. Conducts a detailed examination of the patient (external examination, examination of the oral cavity, the condition of hard tissues of the teeth), reveals the objective symptoms of the alleged diagnosis, determines and justifies the need for additional examination methods and their significance in making the final diagnosis. He clarified the need for a consultation consisting of an orthodontist, a surgeon or other related specialists to draw up a protocol for the complex treatment of a patient.

The radiologist describes the patient's x-ray, drawing attention to the degree of bone resorption, which determines the severity of the course of periodontal disease, which may accompany the underlying disease.

The lab doctor interprets the tests, identifying changes in the data and their implications for the clinic (for example, a blood test).

Head the dental department analyzes the work of the doctor, in terms of compliance with ethics, deontology, asepsis and antisepsis, the choice of drugs, the validity of their prescription.

An expert analyst analyzes the work of all participants in the game step by step, evaluates the stages of work with the patient, and assigns marks according to the scorecard.

At the final stage, it is important to discuss the course of the game, the moderator summarizes the results of the game, discusses the performance of the participants, evaluates the participants in the game. The teacher, noting the positive aspects and shortcomings of the performers of the roles, encourages discussion, gives the participants the opportunity to defend individual positions, determines the level of assimilation of knowledge, professional skills and abilities on this topic.

## Seminar-discussion

## Preparatory stage.

During the preparation period (2-3 days before the seminar) during independent work, a speaker, a co-rapporteur are determined and the leaders of the initiative groups for each issue are determined. Each leader prepares a 5-7 minute speech in advance, revealing the relevance and significance of the issue under consideration, its main problems. The composition of the expert group consisting of two people is determined to take into account the performances and give individual marks. During this period, a trainee is also assigned to lead the seminar.

His responsibilities include:

- compliance with the time limit for each question; - directing the discussion of the issue (to whom to give the floor for a report, ensuring order and discipline when discussing the issue); - providing assistance to each group responding to interrogations, etc.

### Main stage.

The seminar begins with an introductory speech by the teacher. After that, it is desirable to hear and discuss the report, as well as hear the opponent. Then the teacher determines the composition of the initiative group on the first question. After determining the composition of the group, he, together with the leader of the seminar, takes his place at two tables facing the entire audience.

The facilitator gives the floor for a 6-7-minute presentation to the group leader, and then questions on the essence of the first question of the seminar, and the initiative group answers them. This part of the seminar is the most important. Each participant not only asks questions, but also puts forward his own hypotheses, argues, proves his case, repeatedly refers to lecture notes and manuals to clarify his knowledge and find more convincing and accurate arguments. Thus, the main and basic requirement for organizing work on such a seminar is the following: trainees should as often as possible solve problems posed by themselves. Speaking about the method of asking questions and answering them, it should be noted that the questioner may not address everyone, but a specific person in the initiative group. If this is not the case, then the facilitator regulates the even distribution of questions among the group members. After the time allotted for the question, the facilitator gives the floor to the teacher, who makes a conclusion on the issue (reveals what is the essence of this issue, indicates what to pay special attention to, gives answers to questions that did not receive proper coverage, etc.). Then all subsequent questions of the seminar are discussed in the same way.

The final stage:

- the results of the seminar are summed up; - the presentation of the expert group and the head of the seminar is heard with an assessment of the work of each trainee; - a survey of trainees is carried out; - Set tasks for independent work.

It should be noted that holding a seminar using the method of active dialogue requires some preparatory work and continuous improvement of the methodology. Conducting a seminar with this method allows you to achieve the goal only if you use the various elements of active learning methods in an integrated manner.

# Conducting a business game

**1. Introduction to the game**. Usually at this stage, the participants are introduced to the meaning, goals and objectives of the game being played, the general rules, they are consulted and instructed. However, if necessary, the game may be preceded by a lecture or conversation on the topic "Methods for diagnosing periodontal diseases. Dental and medical documentation.

**2. Dividing listeners into groups.** The optimal group size is 5-7 people; in each group, a leader is selected and, if necessary, playing roles are distributed (dentist, patient). Roles can be distributed both at the beginning of the game, and as needed, as it progresses.

**3. Immersion in the game.** In this fragment, the listeners receive a "game task", for example: to determine the examination methods used to diagnose periodontal diseases in a patient. The game participants analyze the proposed situation, diagnose and rank problems, agree on terminology, formulate problems, etc. In addition, they receive not only information, materials for analysis, but also attitudes on the behavior and rules of the game, therefore, *there is a process of familiarization with the rules and entry into role-playing behavior*.

**4. Gameplay.** At this stage, in accordance with the strategy adopted in each group, the search or development of solutions is carried out. During the discussion, a collective decision is developed, then a project is developed

A set of licensed and freely distributed software, including domestic production

Ite m no.	Software	number of licenses	Type of software	Manufactur er	Number in the unified register of Russian software	Contract No. and date
1	Wtware	100	Thin Client Operating System	Kovalev Andrey Alexandrovi ch	1960	2471/05-18 from 28.05.2018
2	MyOffice is Standard. A corporate user license for educational organizations, with no expiration date, with the right to receive updates for 1 year.	220	Office Application	LLC "NEW CLOUD TECHNOL OGIES"	283	without limitation, with the right to receive updates for 1 year.
3	LibreOffice		Office Application	The Document Foundation	Freely distributed software	
4	Windows 10 Education	700	Operating systems	Microsoft	Azure Dev Tools for Teaching Subscripti on	
5	Yandex. Browser		Browser	«Yandex»	3722	
6	Subscription to MS Office Pro for 170 PCs for FGBOU VO "PIMU" of the Ministry of Health of Russia	170	Office Application	Microsoft		23618/HN10 030 LLC "Softline Trade" from 04.12.2020

# Department of **THERAPEUTIC DENTISTRY**

## **CHANGE REGISTRATION SHEET**

working program for the academic discipline

# DIAGNOSTIC CRITERIA IN THERAPEUTIC DENTISTRY

Field of study / specialty / scientific specialty: <u>31.05.03 DENTISTRY</u>

Training profile: **DENTISTRY** 

(name) - for master's degree programs

Mode of study: \_\_\_\_\_\_FULL-TIME\_

full-time/mixed attendance mode/extramural

Position	Number and name of the program section	Contents of the changes made	Effective date of the changes	Contributor's signature
1				

Approved at the department meeting
Protocol No. \_\_\_\_\_of \_\_\_\_\_20\_\_\_

Head of the Department

department name, academic title

signature

print name

(code, name)